**OSMANIA UNIVERSITY COLLEGE FOR WOMEN**

**DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE**

The Department of Political science, OUCW, Koti proposes to adopt the pattern of Choice Based Credit System under Semester system and offer the following courses to undergraduate students in all six semesters from the academic year 2020-21. The department teaches one course each in I, II, III and IV semesters and three courses each in V and VI semesters out of which one is Compulsory course and two are Electives for B.A. students with discipline of political Science as one of the subject of the combination. In addition, the department also proposes to open a course under Open Stream to be taught to students from other than social sciences subjects.

In the first Four semesters, each course consists of Five credits, and Four are devoted to teaching and One credit is given to facilitate the development of practical orientation of the subject in different forms. In Semester I and II, the students are introduced to writing of Assignments and participating in Group Discussions. In Semester III and IV, students have two present two Seminar Papers and in the V and VI semester, project work will be assigned to students

**Evaluation Pattern**: In all semesters and in each course students are evaluated at two levels-Internal Exams and End semester Exams and students have to take two Internal Assessment Tests, First test(Objective type) ,Second test(Descriptive type) of Fifteen marks each and an average of it is the final score. End semester examination will consist of eighty marks. And 15+5 marks are given to the evaluation of Practical Work, i.e. Internal Assessment-15 and Internal Assignment-5 Seminars-5, Project Work -5.Where it applicable.

**BA Political Science**

**University College for Women**

Courses offered under CBCS system from 2019-20 onwards as per TSCHE guidelines (Applicable to all the Telangana State Universities)

**Discipline Specific Courses ( DSC)**

Semester: I Understanding Political Theory

Semester: II Western Political Thought

Semester: III Indian Political Thought

Semester: IV Constitution and Politics of India

**Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)**

Semester: III Legislative Practices and Procedures

 Human Rights

Semester: IV Women in Panchayati Raj System

 Constitution of India

**Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)**

Semester: V I. International Relations

 II. Government and Politics in Telangana

Semester: VI I. Global Politics

 II. Contemporary social movements

**Generic Elective (GE)**

Semester: V Politics of Development

 Project Work / Optional Paper

Semester: VI Contemporary Political Theory

 Rural Governance in India

B.A Political Science

Semester: I

Paper: I

Understanding of Political Theory

**Unit- I: Political Theory**

* What is Political Theory, Evolution, Nature , Significance
* Debates on Political Theory: a)Normative b) Empirical

**Unit-II: What is Political**

* State
* Theories of origin of the state: Divine, Social Contract, Evolution Theories
* Power and Authority
* Sovereign state : Challenges

**Unit- III: Political Values and Theoretical Perspective**

* Liberty A) Liberal B) Marxist C) Feminist
* Equality A) Liberal B) Marxist C) Feminist
* Justice A) Liberal B) Marxist C) Feminism

**Unit-IV: Political Ideologies**

* Liberalism
* Nationalism
* Multiculturalism
* Feminism

**Unit-V: Political Institutions and Functions**

* Legislature, Executive and Judiciary
* Political Parties, Pressure Groups, Media
* Civil Society

**Reading list :-**

1. Rajeev Bhargava & Ashok Acharya , editions, Political Theory: An Introduction , Pearson ,2019
2. Sushila Ramaswamy, Political Theory : Ideas and Concept , PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.2015
3. O.P. Gauba, An Introduction to Political Theory, Macmillan, 2019
4. Michael G. Roskin , Robert L. Cord, James A. Medeiros , Walter S. Jones , Political Science : An Introduction , Pearson ,2018
5. Hoveyda Abbas , Ranjay Kumar , Political Theory, Pearson ,2019
6. John Hottman , Paul Graham , Introduction to Political Ideologies , Pearson ,2014
7. A. Appadorai, (2000), Substance of Politics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, India.
8. George H Sabine, Thomas L Thorson, (1973), A History of Political Theory, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.
9. Heywood, Andrew, (2012) Political Ideologies: An Introduction, Palgrave Macmillan, UK.
10. Heywood, Andrew, (2013), Politics, Palgrave Macmillan (UK).
11. Leon P. Baradat, (2011), Political Ideologies, Routledge.
12. Michael Freeden, Lyman Tower Sargent, Marc Stears,(eds) (2013), The Oxford Handbook of Political Ideologies, Oxford University Press, UK.
13. Ernest Barker : Principles of Social and Political Theory (London, Oxford University Press 1951)
14. Norman P. Barry : An Introduction to Modern Political Theory (London Macmillan, 1989)
15. Richard Bellamy (ed): Theories and Concepts of Politics ( New York, Manchester University Press 1993.)
16. Anthony H. Brirch : The Concepts and Theories of Modern Democracy (London, Routledge, 2001)
17. Martin Carnoy : The State and Political Theory ( Princeton , Princeton University Press, 1984)

B.A Political Science

Semester - II

Paper - II

Western Political Thought

**Unit-I: Greek Political Thought**

* Greek Political Thought-Sophists
* Plato:  Concept of Justice , Ideal State , Education and Communism.
* Aristotle: Forms of Governments, On revolution, Slavery , Best state

**Unit- II: Medieval and Early Modern Thought**

* Thomas Aquinas: Theory of Laws, Christianized Aristotle
* Church: State Controversy
* Niccolo Machiavelli: Human Nature , State Craft

**Unit- III: Social Contractualists**

* Thomas Hobbes: Individualism and Absolute (State) Sovereignty
* John Locke: Natural Rights Limited Government
* J. J. Rousseau: Romanticism, General will , Popular Sovereignty

**Unit- IV: Utilitarian Thought**

* Jeremy Bentham: Utilitarian Principles, Hedonism
* J. S. Mill: On liberty , Representative Government

**Unit-V: Philosophy of Dialectics**

* G.W.F. Hegal:  Dialectics Purpose of History Geist (Spirt) and State
* Karl Marx: Historical Materialism, Class war and Revolution.
* Hannah Arendt: Banality of Evil

 **Reading list:**

1. D.Mackenzie Brown, (1959), Indian Political Thought from Manu to Gandhi., University of California Press, Berleley and Los Angeles.
2. George Klosko, (eds), (2011), The Oxford Handbook of The History of Political Philosophy, Oxford University Press, New York.
3. Gregory Claeys, (eds)(2013), Encyclopedia of Modern Political Thought, Sage Publication, New Delhi.
4. M.P.Singh and Himanshu Roy, (eds), (2011), Indian Political Thought: Themes and Thinkers, Pearson, New Delhi.
5. N.D.Arora and S.S.Awasthy, (2007), Political Theory and Political Thought, Har-Anand Publications, New Delhi.
6. S.K.Sarma and Urmila Sharma, (2006), Western Political Thought (from Plato to Burke), Atlantic Publishers, New Delhi.
7. Subrata Mukherjee & Sushila Ramaswamy, (2011), A History of Political Thought,: Plato to Marx, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi.
8. Thomas Pantham, Kenneth L. Deutsch, (1986), Political Thought in Modern India, Sage Publication, New Delhi.

B.A Political Science

Semester - III

Paper - III

Indian Political Thought

**Unit- I: State and Society in Ancient India**

* Manu - Features of Manusmriti, Origins of Varna, Varna Dharma
* Buddha - Dhamma , Sangha , Eightfold path
* Kautilya- Saptanga Theory , Mandala Theory , Statecraft

**Unit-II: Medieval Political Thought**

* Basava- Anubhava Mantapa , Gender Equality
* Ziauddin Barani-Theory of Kingship (Ideal Sulthan ), Ideal Polity

**Unit- III: Renaissance Thought**

* Raja Ram Mohan Roy - Colonial Encounters , Brahma Samaj
* Jyothi Rao Phule-Gulam Giri, Satya Shodhak Samaj , Education

**Unit-IV: Reformist Thought**

* M. K. Gandhi - Satyagraha , Trusteeship, Problem of Political Obligation
* Dr. B. R. Ambedkar- Who are Shudras?, Annihilation of Caste

**Unit-V: Socialist Thought**

* M.N. Roy- Radical Humanism
* Jawaharlal Nehru-Democratic Socialism
* R.M. Lohia - Concept of Four Pillars of State(Chaukhamba Model)

**READING LIST:**

1. Introduction to Modern Indian Political Thought Essential Readings: V. Mehta and T. Pantham (eds.), (2006) ‘Modern India: Thematic Explorations, History of Science, Philosophy and Culture in Indian civilization’ Vol. 10, Part: 7, New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. xxvii-ixi.
2. T. Pantham, and K. Deutsch (eds.) (1986), Political Thought in Modern India, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
3. The Mahabharata (2004), Vol. 7 (Book XI and Book XII, Part II), Chicago and London:University of Chicago Press.
4. V. Varma, (1974) Studies in Hindu Political Thought and Its Metaphysical Foundations, Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass.
5. V. Mehta, (1992) ‘ Foundations of Indian Political Thought’, Delhi:
6. M. Alam, (2004) ‘Sharia Akhlaq’, in The Languages of Political Islam in India 1200- 1800, Delhi: Permanent Black, pp. 26
7. D. Dalton, (1982) ‘Continuity of Innovation’, in Indian Idea of Freedom: Political Thought of Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo Ghose, Rabindranath Tagore and Mahatma Gandhi, Academic Press: Gurgaon, pp. 1-28. II.

B.A Political Science

Semester - IV

Paper - IV

Constitution and Politics of India

**Unit- I: Constitutional Development in India**

* Brief overview of Nationalist Movement
* Evolution of Indian Constitution -1909 Act , 1919 Act,1935 Act.
* Philosophical Foundations of the Indian Constitution - Liberal, Gandhian, Socialist Institutional Framework

**Unit- II :**

* Union Government - Executive; Legislature; Judiciary
* State Government - Executive; Legislature; Judiciary

**Unit- III: Federal Politics**

* Union-State Relations : Legislative, Administrative, Financial
* Recent trends in Union - State Relations

**Unit- IV: Electoral Politics in India**

* Political Parties
1. National : INC, BJP, CPM, BSP
2. Regional : DMK, Akali Dal, TDP, TRS
* Recent Trends in Party System
* Election Commission & Electoral Reforms

**Unit- V:Issues in Indian Politics**

* Debates on Secularism - Majority Communalism, Minority Communalism
* Caste in Politics and Politicization of caste
* Gender in Indian Politics
* Issues of Minorities - Sachar Committee

 **Reading List:**

1. R. Desai (2010) Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Mumbai: Popular Prakashan.
2. Bipin Chandra, Amalesh Tripathi and Barun De (1993) Freedom Struggle, New Delhi: National Book Trust.
3. D. D. Basu (2015) Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi: Lexis Nexis.
4. Lloyd I. Rudolph & Susanne Hoeber Rudolph (1987) In Pursuit of Lakshmi: The Political Economy of Indian State, Chicago: Chicago University Press.
5. M.P. Singh, Rekha Saxena (2011) Indian Politics: Constitutional Foundations and Institutional Functioning, New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
6. Rajni Kothari (2005) Politics in Indian, New Delhi: Orient Longman.

B.A Political Science

Semester - V

GE Paper

Politics of Development

**Unit- I: Development**

* Development: Meaning, Nature, Importance
* Types of Development: Economic, Political and Social.

**Unit- II: Development Debates**

* Capitalist , Socilaist , Gandhian, Sustainable Development

**Unit- III: State and Development in India**

* Planning, Mixed Economy, Socialistic Pattern of Society
* Sectors of Development: Industry, Agriculture, Land Reforms, Irrigation.

**Unit- IV: Issues of Development in the Post-Economic Reforms period**

* Economic Reforms: Liberalisation, Privatisation, Globalisation
* Development and Displacement
* Development and Environment

B.A Political Science

Semester - V

Paper-V (A)

International Relations

**Unit- I**

* International Relations - Nature , Evolution and Scope;
* State and Non-State Actors in IR,
* Westphalian State and Sovereign State system and its characteristics

**Unit-II**

* European conquest of Asia and Africa - Its Impact on society, culture, economy (European Colonialism) First World War and Second World War
* Decolonization and its consequences ; Rise of the Developing world ;

Neo- colonialism

**Unit- III:**

* Cold War :Détente ; End of the Cold War ;
* Disintegration of the Soviet Union ; America Hegemony

**Unit-IV:**

* India's Foreign Policy: Determinants; features;
* Non-Alignment

**Unit-V:**

* India's Relations with USA; China; Pakistan; Sri Lanka and Nepal

**Reading List**

1. Vinay Kumar Malhotra and Alexander A. Sergounin (1998) Theories and Approaches to International Relations, New Delhi: Anmol Publications
2. John Baylis, Steve Smith and Patricia Owens (2011) The Globalisation of World Politics: An introduction to international relations, New York: Oxford University Press.
3. Joshua S. Goldstein, Jon C. Pevehouse (2009) International Relations, Delhi: Dorling Kindersley (Pearson Education).
4. Oliver Daddow (2013) International Relations Theory: The Essentials, New Delhi: Sage.
5. Robert Jackson and Georg Sorensen (2016) Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches, UK: Oxford University Press.
6. Vinay Kumar Malhotra (2002) International Relations, New Delhi: Anmol Publications.

B.A Political Science

Semester

Paper – V (B)

Government Politics in Telangana

**Unit- I: State Politics**

* Historical Background of Telangana
* Nizam Rule, Public Awakening in Telangana- Andhara Maha Sabha

Library movement,

* Tribal Self - Assertion , Aadi Hindu Movement,
* Telangana Armed Struggle, Hyderabad State's integration with the Indian Union

**Unit-II: States Reorganization in India**

* Fazal Ali Commission, Gentleman Agreement, Hyderabad's Merger with Andhra and

Formation of AP

* Mulki Rules , Regional Committees' Formation

**Unit- III: Demand for separate Telangana State**

* 1969 Agitation.
* Telangana Praja Samithi
* Six point formula
* Telangana Movement from 1990
* Issues : Water , Financial Resources , Employment, Education and Discrimination

**Unit – IV: Politics of Formation of Telangana**

* Justice Sri Krishna Committee Report on the condition of Telangana
* Political Parties views on Separate Telangana: INC , BJP, CPI, CPM, TRS , TDP, MIM and Role of Political JAC
* Role of Civil Society organizations : Students, Employees, Lawyers and Communities' groups

**Unit- V: Formation of Telangana**

* Constitutional Process
* Electoral Politics in Telangana

B.A Political Science

Semester - VI

Generic Elective

Contemporary Political Theory

**Unit-I : Liberal Theory:**

* Isaiah Berlin: Two concepts of Liberty
* Hannah Arendt: On Totalitarianism

**Unit- II: Neo Marxist theory**

* Antonio Gramsci: Hegemony and Passive Revolution
* Sameer Amin: Critique of Globalization

**Unit- III: Feminist Theory: I**

* Simone de Beauvoir: Issue of Equality
* Betty Friedan: Feminine mystique

**Unit-IV: Feminist Theory: II**

* Vandana Shiva : Eco-feminism
* Cynthia Enloe: Women's Experience as politics

B.A Political Science

Semester - VI

Generic Elective

Rural Governance in India

**Unit – I:**

* Government and Governance: Meaning and Features
* Rural Governance: Meaning and Nature
* Rural Governance: Pre conditions for inclusive and Sustainable Development

**Unit – II: Three-tier Structure of Panchayati Raj**

* Grama Panchayat: Formation and Functions
* Sarpanch : Election System, Powers and functions
* GramaSabha: Functions

**Unit: III: Major Development and Welfare Programmes**

* Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS)
* Swarnajayanthi Gram Swarojgar Yojana
* National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM)
* National Rural Health Mission (NRHM)
* Swajaldhara - Provisions of Urban Amenities in Rural Areas (PURA)
* Backward Region Grant Fund (BRGF)

**Unit-IV: Telangana Panchayati Raj System**

* + Evolution of Panchayati Raj system in Telangana,
	+ Employment generation and welfare schemes implemented by PR Dept of Telangana
	+ Women Empowerment and Economic development through Self Help Groups
	+ PESA-Panchayat Raj Extension to Scheduled Areas

**Reading List:**

1. Local Self Government in India: M. P. Sharma
2. Politics in India – Rajni Kothari
3. Bharat Ma SthanikPrashasan – P. C. Sharma
4. Vasant Desai: Rural Development in India, Himalaya Publishing House
5. K Vijayakumar Empowerment of weaker section future planning and strategies for Rural Development in India.
6. G. Ram Reddy- Rural Governance in India

B.A Political Science

Semester - IV

Paper – VI (A)

Global Politics

**Unit-I:** Power, Elements of Power, Balance of Power, Growing importance of Soft Power

**Unit-II:** Security, Collective Security, Bipolarity, Multi polarity, Uni polarity

**Unit- III:** Human Rights; Agencies of human Rights Protection; Terrorism, Environmental Issues

**Unit-IV:** World Bank and IMF; UNCTAD; North-South Dialogue and South - South Co-operations; WTO

**Unit-V:** Disarmament, Arms Race, Arms control, NPT, CTBT, MTCR Proliferation of Small Arms, WMDs

**Reading List:**

1. G. Ritzer, (2010) Globalization: A Basic Text, Sussex: Wiley-Blackwell, pp. 33-62.
2. A. Heywood, (2011) Global Politics, New York: Palgrave.
3. B. Chimni and S.Mallavarapu (eds.) (2012),
4. J. Rosenau, and E. Czempiel (eds.) (1992), Governance without Government: Order and Change in World Politics, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
5. A. Kumar and D. Messner (eds), (2010) Power Shifts and Global Governance: Challengesfrom South and North, London: Anthem Press.
6. Mingst, Karen A. (2004), “Essentials of International Relations”, New York: W.W. Norton and Company.

B.A Political Science

Semester - IV

Paper- VI (B)

Social Movements

**Unit- I**

* Introduction to Social Movements: Meaning, Nature, Significance.
* Rise of Social Movements
* Issues in Social Movements: Depravation, Identity, Justice, Assertion

**Unit-II: Social Reform Movements**

* Anti-Brahmin Movement: Ramaswamy Naicker, Naryana Guru
* Backward Class movements in Andhra Pradesh , Telangana and Tamil Nadu
* Women's Movement

**Unit-III: Agrarian Movements**

* Bharat Kisan Union
* Shetkari Sanghatana
* Karnataka Rajya Ryta Sangha

**Unit-IV: Environmental Movements**

* Chipko Movement
* Narmada Bacho Andholan

**Unit- V: Assertion Movements**

* Adivasi Movement: Jharkhand
* Dalit Movements in Maharastra, Telangana and Andhra Pradesh
* Naxalite Movement: Andhra Pradesh, Telangana and Chhattisgarh

**Reading List:**

1. A. R. Desai (1987). Agrarian Struggle in India after Independence, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
2. Amrita Basu and C. Elizabeth McGrory (eds.) (1995). The Challenges of local Feminisms: Movements in Global Perspective, New Delhi: West Press.
3. Ghansyam Shah (1990). Social Movement in India, New Delhi: Sage.
4. M. S. A. Rao (2000). Social Movements in India: Studies in Peasant, Backward Classes, Sectarian, Tribal and Women’s Movements, New Delhi: Manohar.
5. Md. Abdullah Rasul (1989). A History of the All India Kisan Sabha, New Delhi: National Book Agency.
6. Nandita Shah (1992). Contemporary Women’s Movement in India, New Delhi: Kali for Women.

**UNIVERSITY COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, KOTI**

**DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE**

SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE

**Time:** 3 Hours **MAX. MARKS**: 80

**SECTION-A**

**Answer any two questions given below (4X5=20)**

1. Q
2. Q
3. Q
4. Q
5. Q
6. Q
7. Q
8. Q

**SECTION-B**

**Answer any two questions given below (12X5=60)**

1. A (OR) B
2. A (OR) B
3. A (OR) B
4. A (OR) B
5. A (OR) B

Skill Enhancement Course

CBCS- BA Political Science

Legislative Practices and Procedures

Semester-III

**Course Description**

India has a unique and substantial form of parliamentary system and the parliamentary procedures, which holds a novel identity among the parliamentary frameworks all across the world. By virtue of its nature and substance, the Indian parliamentary framework is only a strong set of rules and directions that govern the Indian democracy**.** To acquaint to the student broadly with the legislative process in India at various levels, introduce them to the requirements of people’s representatives and provide elementary skills to be part of a legislative support team and expose them to real life legislative work. These will be, to understand complex policy issues, draft new legislation, track and analyze ongoing bills, make speeches and floors statements and write articles and press releases, attend legislative meetings, conduct meetings with various stakeholders, monitor media and public developments, manage constituent, relations and handle inter-office communications. It will also deepen their understanding and appreciation of the political process and indicate the possibilities of making it work for democracy.

**Module-1**: **Introduction:Representativesat Different Tires of Governance**:

* Central: Members of Parliament
* State: Members of State Assemblies
* Process of Parliament Session:

**Module-2: Legislative Process and the Legislative Committees**

* Law Making: How a Bill becomes Law, Reviewing a Bill,
* Legislative Consultants, The framing of rules and regulations, Union Budget
* Parliamentary Committees: Standing Committees,Ad hocCommittees,
* Role of Committees in reviewing government finances and policy.

Human Rights

Semester - III

**Unit - 1 Conceptual Background of Human Rights ~~and Duties~~**

* Rights : Individual and Universal
* Meaning of Human Rights : Genesis and Evolution
* Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948
* International covenant on Civil and Political Rights 1966
* International covenant on Economic , Social and Cultural Right 1966 (ECOSOL)

**Unit - II International Human Rights Standards and Duties in India**

* Constitutional Rights
* Enforcement and Protection Mechanism of Human Rights In India
* National Human rights and State Human Rights Commissions
* National Commission for Women
* National commission for SC and ST's

Reference Book :

1. Human Rights in India :Implementation and violations : Bajwa , G.S and D. K. Bajwa
2. Rights to life and personal Liberty :Bansol. V.K
3. Human Rights in Constitutional Law: Basu , D.D
4. Human Wrongs and Human Rights : Baxi , Upendra
5. Human Rights in India : Issues and Perspectives : Begum, S.M.

Skill Enhancement Course

CBCS- BA Political Science

Women in PanchayatRaj System

Semester-IV

Panchayats have been the backbone of grassroots democracy in the Indian villages since its beginning. Gandhi had aptly favored the Panchayati Raj System [PRI]and his dream got translated with the passage of the Constitution (73rdAmendment) Act, 1992 (or the Panchayati Raj Act), which introduced the three-tier Panchayati Raj system to ensure people’s participation in rural reconstruction in general and that of women in particular. It came into force with effect from April 24, 1993. The paper acquaints the student broadly with the Panchayat Raj System inIndia. It introduces them to the requirements of women representatives. It will also deepen their understanding and appreciation of the political process of women’s emancipation and empowerment and indicate the possibilities of students taking active participation at the grassroots level

**Unit I: Democratic Decentralization**

* Democratic DecentralizationMeaning and nature;
* Importance of Rural Local Government;
* Women   Participation in Rural Local Government

**Unit II:Contemporary Issues**

* Empowerment of Women through Political Reservation:
* 73rd& 74th Constitution Amendment Act;
* Issues and challenges faced by Women Representatives in PRIs;
* Government initiatives to enhance women’s participation in PRI
* Role of Media in support of Women’s Leadership

Constitution of India

Semester - IV

**Unit – I: Introduction**

* Evolution of Indian Constitution - National Movement
* Philosophical Foundations, Salient Features of Indian Constitution
* Fundamental Rights and Duties

**Unit – II: Political Institutions**

* President - Powers and Functions
* Prime minister - Powers and Functions
* Governor- Powersand Functions
* Chief Minister - Powers and Functions
* Article 356

**Books Recommended:**

1. Introduction to Constitution of India: D.D Basu
2. Indian Constitution: M.V Pylee
3. Indian Government and Politics: SS Awasti
4. Indian Polity: Laxmi Kanth
5. General Studies 2011: J.K Chopra

**FACULTY OF ARTS & SOCIAL SCIENCES**

**UNIVERSITY COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, KOTI**

**B.A**

SUBJECT: SEC PAPER-

**LEGISLATIVE PRACTICES AND PROCUDERS**

**Time:** 1 ½ Hours **MAX. MARKS**: 40

PART-1

**Answer any two questions given below (2\*5=10)**

1. Write a note on ParliamentarySession Process
2. Discuss about Parliamentary Committees
3. Explain the duties of member of a Parliament
4. Discuss the role of the Public Accounts Committee

**Answer any two questions given below (2\*15=30)**

1. Procedure of Central Budget.
2. Explain Law making procedure in India.
3. Elucidate various steps of processing abill in Legislature
4. Explain the nature and significance of Legislative procedures and practices in India